# Distinguishing between the Varieties of Arabic: Dialect Identification is neither Solved nor the Solution

Amr Keleg

arbml Board

1 July 2024





Institute for Language, Cognition and Computation



- Dialect Identification is not solved,
  - Arabic Dialect Identification under Scrutiny: Limitations of Single-label Classification (Keleg & Magdy, ArabicNLP-WS 2023)
  - NADI 2024 (Abdul-Mageed et al., To appear ArabicNLP-WS 2024)
- 2 ... nor the solution (Spoiler: Arabic Level of Dialectness)
  - **ALDi:** Quantifying the Arabic Level of Dialectness of Text (Keleg et al., EMNLP 2023)
  - Estimating the Level of Dialectness Predicts Inter-annotator Agreement in Multi-dialect Arabic Datasets (Keleg et al., To appear ACL 2024)

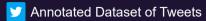


Tweet	Label
***	OFF
الراجل بسطنا	<b>⇔</b> NOT

### Annotated Dataset of Tweets

Tweet	Label
***	OFF
الراجل بسطنا	<b>⇔</b> NOT

- Perform per-variety analysis:
- a) offensive text
- b) models' performance

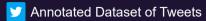


Tweet	Label
***	OFF
الراجل بسطنا	<b>₩</b> NOT

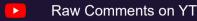


Comment
حلقة اقل مايُقال عنها انها رائعة
طيب مافي حلقات زيادة؟ ما شبعنا والله

- Perform per-variety analysis:
- a) offensive text
- b) models' performance



Tweet	Label
***	OFF
الراجل بسطنا	<b>⇔</b> NOT



Comment
حلقة اقل مائيقال عنها انها رائعة
طيب مافي حلقات زيادة؟ ما شبعنا والله

- Perform per-variety analysis:
- a) offensive text
- b) models' performance

- c) Representation of dialects? d) Routing samples to
- annotators?











MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

DA

الراجل أسعدنا







MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

DA

الراجل أسعدنا



MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

DA

الراجل أسعدنا





MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

DA

الراجل أسعدنا



MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

DA

الراجل أسعدنا

الزلمة أسعدنا

الزول أستعدنا

# Proposal #1



**MSA**- shared across countries



**DA**- different variants

# More granular scheme ?

(Proposal #2)
Regional Grouping of DA

### Proposal #2



**MSA**- shared across countries



Regional dialects
- Maghreb, Nile Basin, Levant,
Gulf, Gulf of Aden

Alsarsour, Israa et al. 2018. "DART: A Large Dataset of Dialectal Arabic Tweets."

Baimukan, Nurpeiis, Bouamor, Houda, and Habash, Nizar. 2022. "Hierarchical Aggregation of Dialectal Data for Arabic Dialect Identification."



MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

DA

الراجل أسعدنا

الزلمة أسعدنا

الزول أستعدنا



MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

Nile

الراجل أسعدنا

الزول أسعدنا

Levant

# Mutual Intelligibility Constraint /



(Proposal #3) Country-level Classification

# Proposal #3



MSA

- shared across countries



### **Country-level dialects**

- generally targeting at least 18 labels



MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

Nile

الراجل أسعدنا

الزول أسعدنا

Levant



MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

Egypt

الراجل أسعدنا

Sudan

الزول أستعدنا

Syria

الزلمة أسعدنا

Palestine





MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

Egypt

الراجل أسعدنا

Sudan

الزول أسعدنا

Syria

الزلة أسعدنا

Palestine



<u>Valid in:</u> Iraq, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Oman, Palestine. Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, Syria, Tunisia, Yemen





وين المحطة؟

MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

Egypt

الراجل أسعدنا

Sudan

الزول أستعدنا

Syria

الزلمة استعدنا

Palestine



# Community's perceptions

- Common for same-region dialects (e.g., الزلمة أسعدنا)4
- 2 Generally short (e.g., إوين المحطة؟ ,.Generally short

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Abdelali, Ahmed et al. 2021, "OADI: Arabic Dialect Identification in the Wild."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Salameh, Mohammad, Bouamor, Houda, and Habash, Nizar. 2018. "Fine-Grained Arabic Dialect Identification."



# Community's perceptions

- Common for same-region dialects (e.g., الزيلة أسعدنا)4
- وبن المحطة؟ ,.Generally short (e.g

# Is it a significant limitation 🤈





More on this later!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Abdelali, Ahmed et al. 2021. "QADI: Arabic Dialect Identification in the Wild."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Salameh, Mohammad, Bouamor, Houda, and Habash, Nizar, 2018. "Fine-Grained Arabic Dialect Identification."

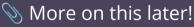


# Community's perceptions

- Common for same-region dialects (e.g., الزيلة أسعدنا)4
- وبن المحطة؟ ,.Generally short (e.g

# Is it a significant limitation 🤈







Multi-dialect samples were ignored. We can do better now!

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Abdelali, Ahmed et al. 2021. "QADI: Arabic Dialect Identification in the Wild."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Salameh, Mohammad, Bouamor, Houda, and Habash, Nizar, 2018. "Fine-Grained Arabic Dialect Identification."

# Impact of Single-label Modeling on Error Analysis

Arabic Dialect Identification under Scrutiny: Limitations of Single-label Classification (Keleg & Magdy, ArabicNLP-WS 2023)

# Country-level ADI system (NADI 2023)

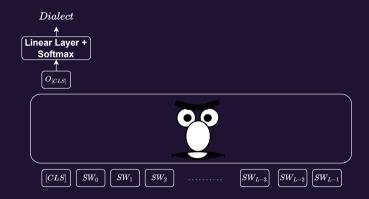
Training Dataset: NADI 2023

Target	Sentence
<b>*</b>	وحدو الحب بیکبر و بضل
	وحدو الحب بیکبر و بضل الکحلوشه جزائریه والف مبروك علینا

**ii** Labels: 18 geolocated dialects

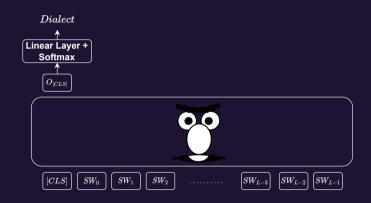
### Country-level ADI system (NADI 2023)

Labels: 18 dialects (country-level)



# Country-level ADI system (NADI 2023)

**Labels:** 18 dialects (country-level)



**Accuracy:** 50.74%





مرتضي صوتوا ضعيف مع كامل إحترامي مايتقارنش بنسيم مجرد مقارنة

Target: Tunisia Prediction: Egypt Verdict: Error X

مرتضي صوتوا ضعيف مع كامل إحترامي مايتقارنش بنسيم مجرد مقارنة

Target: Tunisia Prediction: Egypt Verdict: Error X



Is this Sentence Valid in your dialect?

مرتضي صوتوا ضعيف مع كامل إحترامي مايتقارنش بنسيم مجرد مقارنة

**Target**: Tunisia **Prediction**: Egypt **Verdict**: Error **X** 



Is this Sentence Valid in your dialect?



Not an Error

بجد الناس اللي بتنسى بسرعة بجد كيييف تعملوها! ؟!

Target: Algeria Prediction: Egypt Verdict: Error X

بجد الناس اللي بتنسي بسرعة بجد كيييف تعملوها! ؟!

Target: Algeria Prediction: Egypt Verdict: Error X



Is this Sentence Valid in your dialect?

بجد الناس اللي بتنسى بسرعة بجد كيييف تعملوها! ؟!

Target: Algeria Prediction: Egypt Werdict: Error



Is this Sentence Valid in your dialect?



An error

# Limitations of single-label ADI

- Only 33% of validated mispredictions are true errors!
  - i.e., 67% of them are multi-dialect samples.
- 1 Inaccurate Evaluation
  - Hindering progress? 🤔
- Mean How common are these samples in the whole dataset?

# Building a Multilabel ADI Dataset (NADI 2024)



**NADI 2024** (To appear, ArabicNLP 2024)

#### Sentence

Sentence<sub>1</sub>

Sentence<sub>2</sub>

Sentence<sub>3</sub>

• • •

Sentence

#### Sentence

Sentence<sub>1</sub>

Sentence<sub>2</sub>

Sentence<sub>3</sub>

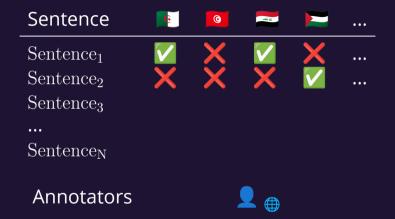
Sentence

**Annotators** 

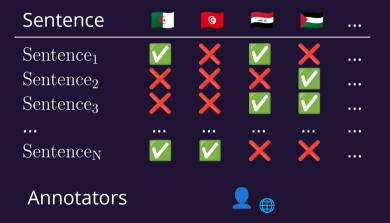












Only need 3 annotators, but major quality issues !!

#### Sentence

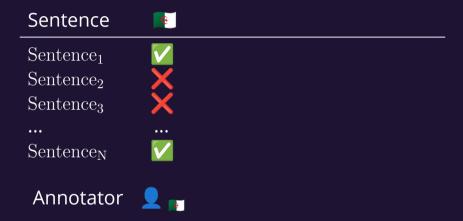
Sentence<sub>1</sub>

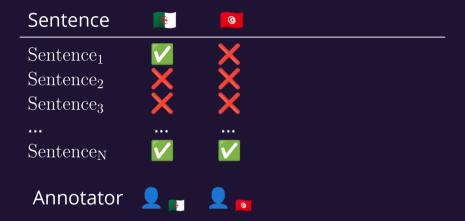
Sentence<sub>2</sub>

Sentence<sub>3</sub>

•••

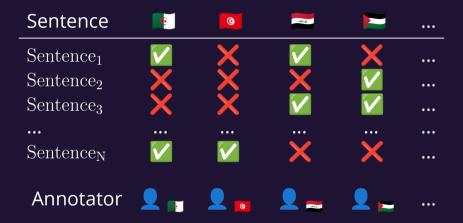
Sentence<sub>N</sub>





Sentence	0	G	relate all		•••
$Sentence_1$	V	×	V	X	
$Sentence_2$	X	X	X		
$Sentence_3$	X	X	V		
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
$Sentence_N$			X	X	
Annotator	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>!</b> =	<b>!</b> ►	

Sentence	0	G	relate all		•••
$Sentence_1$	V	×	V	X	
$Sentence_2$	X	X	X		
$Sentence_3$	X	X	V		
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
$Sentence_N$			X	X	
Annotator	<b>1</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>!</b> =	<b>!</b> ►	



Need 3 annotators PER COUNTRY LABEL 😌

### NADI 2024's evaluation sets

- 3 Annotators from 9 different countries (total of 27)
  - Maghreb (Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia)
  - Nile (Sudan, Egypt)
  - Levant (Palestine, Syria)
  - Gulf (Iraq)
  - Gulf of Aden (Yemen)
- 1,120 sentences (120 in dev. set + 1,000 in test set)
- To be made available on request!

# Examples



# Examples



## Multilabel samples in NADI 2024?

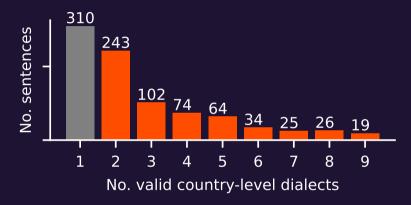
#### Community's perceptions:

- $_{1}$  Common for same-region dialects (e.g., الزيلة أسعدنا $)^{lpha}$
- $_2$  Generally short (e.g.,  $^b$ وين المحطة  $^b$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Abdelali, Ahmed et al. 2021. "QADI: Arabic Dialect Identification in the Wild."

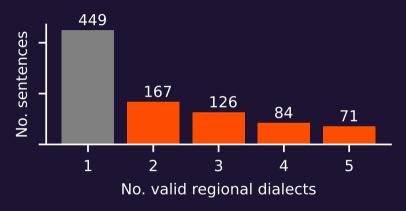
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Salameh, Mohammad, Bouamor, Houda, and Habash, Nizar. 2018. "Fine-Grained Arabic Dialect Identification."

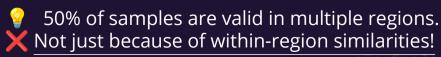
# Multilabel samples in NADI 2024?



All samples but 310 are multi-dialect (country level).Not just the short ones!

# Multilabel samples in NADI 2024?







Multi-dialect samples are much more common than expected!

## NADI 2024 - Subtask 1 - Multilabel ADI



## NADI 2024 - Subtask 1 - Multilabel ADI



#### Sentence

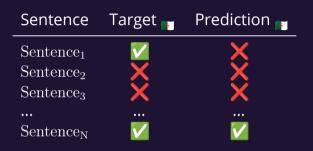
Sentence<sub>1</sub>

Sentence<sub>2</sub>

 $Sentence_3$ 

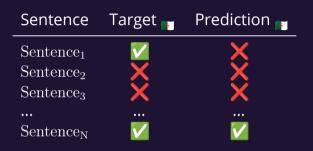
•••

Sentence<sub>N</sub>





Binary classification task with <u>unbalanced classes</u>





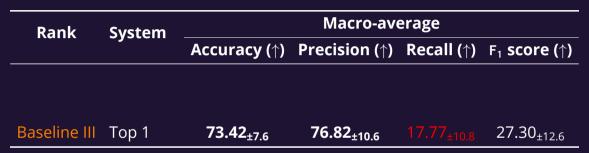
Binary classification task with unbalanced classes

Sentence	Target 📊	Prediction 📷
Sentence <sub>2</sub> Sentence <sub>3</sub>	×	××
$\dots$ Sentence <sub>N</sub>	 V	 <b>V</b>



### Binary classification task with <u>unbalanced classes</u>

- Compute country-level metrics
- Take their macro-average



Rank	System	Macro-average			
	, 5,500	Accuracy (†)	Precision (†)	Recall (†)	F <sub>1</sub> score (↑)
Baseline II Baseline III		50.14 <sub>±1.6</sub> <b>73.42</b> <sub>±7.6</sub>	30.43 <sub>±8.8</sub> <b>76.82<sub>±10.6</sub></b>	50.15 <sub>±2.1</sub> 17.77 <sub>±10.8</sub>	37.15 <sub>±7.2</sub> 27.30 <sub>±12.6</sub>

Rank	System	Macro-average			
nank bystem		Accuracy (†)	Precision (†)	Recall (†)	F₁ score (↑)
1	Elyadata	67.50 <sub>±3.7</sub>	46.48 <sub>±10.1</sub>	57.09 <sub>±5.1</sub>	50.57 <sub>±7.1</sub>
Baseline II	Random	50.14 <sub>±1.6</sub>	30.43 <sub>±8.8</sub>	50.15 <sub>±2.1</sub>	37.15 <sub>±7.2</sub>

Rank	System	Macro-average			
T.G.III.	<i>-</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Accuracy (†)	Precision (†)	Recall (†)	F₁ score (↑)
1 Baseline I	<b>Elyadata</b> Top 90%	<b>67.50</b> <sub>±3.7</sub> 73.40 <sub>±6.1</sub>	46.48 <sub>±10.1</sub> 60.67 <sub>±14.5</sub>	57.09 <sub>±5.1</sub> 39.22 <sub>±14.6</sub>	<b>50.57</b> <sub>±7.1</sub> 45.09 <sub>±11.3</sub>

### Baseline I (Top 90%):

- A fine-tuned BERT-based model
- Single-label ADI

#### Baseline I (Top 90%):

- A fine-tunedBERT-based model- Single-label ADI



### Baseline I (Top 90%):

- A fine-tuned BERT-based model
- Single-label ADI

#### **Predictions:**

Palestine, Syria, Lebanon, Jordan



# **Interim Summary**

- >70% of samples are multi-dialect
- Multilabel ADI is not solved (yet <a>></a>)
  - Could be you: https://codalab.lisn.upsaclay.fr/competitions/18130

# **Arabic Level of Dialectness (ALDi)**

**ALDi:** Quantifying the Arabic Level of Dialectness of Text (Keleg et al., EMNLP 2023)



MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

Egypt

الراجل أسعدنا

Sudan

الزول أسعدنا

Syria

الزلمة أسعدنا

Palestine

الزلمة أسعدنا



الراجل بسطنا



الراجل شهيصنا 🧡 🦯

MSA

أسعدنا الرجل

Egypt

الراجل أسعدنا

Sudan

الزول أسعدنا

Syria

الزللة أسعدنا

Palestine

الزلمة أسعدنا



**MSA** 

أسعدنا الرجل

**Egypt** 

الراجل أسعدنا

الراجل بسطنا

الراجل شبهيصنا

Sudan

الزول أستعدنا

Syria

الزلة أسعدنا

**Palestine** 

الزلة أسعدنا



### Egypt

أسعدنا الرجل

الراجل أسعدنا

الراجل بسطنا

الراجل شبهيصنا





## **ALDi**



### **ALDi**

- **Definition**: Divergence from Standard Language.

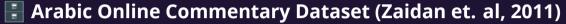


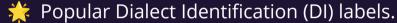
### **ALDi**

- **Definition**: Divergence from Standard Language.
- **Operationalization**: Score in [0,1] on sentence-like level.





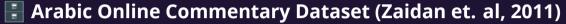


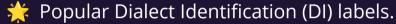


gnored *Discrete* Level of Dialectness labels!

Zaidan, Omar F. and Callison-Burch, Chris. 2011. "The Arabic Online Commentary Dataset: an Annotated Dataset of Informal Arabic with High Dialectal Content."









🤔 Embrace annotators disagreement!

Zaidan, Omar F. and Callison-Burch, Chris. 2011. "The Arabic Online Commentary Dataset: an Annotated Dataset of Informal Arabic with High Dialectal Content."

### Sentence with two valid pronunciations

نبتدى بقى الشغل الصح فى تطوير المدارس وتوفير المراقبين عليها

We start with the right task of developing schools and providing observers over them

### Sentence with two valid pronunciations

نبتدى بقى الشغل الصح فى تطوير المدارس وتوفير المراقبين عليها

We start with the right task of developing schools and providing observers over them





Labels into numeric valuesAlgebric MeanRegression-head on top of MarBERT

MSA	Little	Mixed	Most
•			
0	1/3	2/3	1

e.g., ALDi(MSA,MSA,Little)=
$$\overline{(0,0,\frac{1}{3})}=\frac{1}{9}\approx 0.11$$

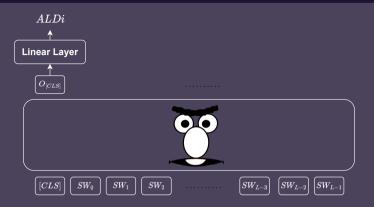


Labels into numeric valuesAlgebric MeanRegression-head on top of MarBERT

MSA	Little	Mixed	Most
•			
0	1/3	2/3	1

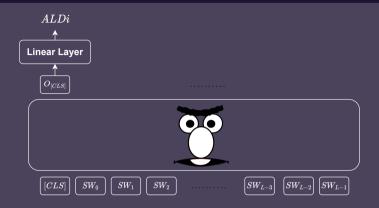
e.g., ALDi(MSA,MSA,Little)= $\overline{(0,0,\frac{1}{3})}=\frac{1}{9}\approx 0.11$ 

- 🗐 AOC-ALDi Dataset
- 🎯 127,835 sentences (3 👤 annotations each)
- Comments to news articles
- $\sim$  Fleiss'  $\kappa$  = 0.44
- $\forall$  Krippendorff's  $\alpha$  (interval) = 0.63



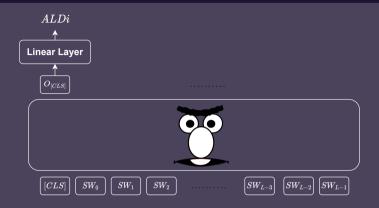
















🔧 Demo - huggingface.co/spaces/AMR-KELEG/ALDi

# Impact of ALDi on Inter-annotator Agreement

**Solution** Estimating the Level of Dialectness Predicts Inter-annotator Agreement in Multi-dialect Arabic Datasets (Keleg et al., To appear ACL 2024)



 ALDi INCREASE Mutual Intelligibility?



ALDi INCREASE
 Mutual Intelligibility? DECREASE



ALDi INCREASE
 Mutual Intelligibility? DECREASE

 Mutual Intelligibility DECREASE Inter-annotator Agreement?



ALDi INCREASE
 Mutual Intelligibility? DECREASE

Mutual Intelligibility DECREASE
 Inter-annotator Agreement? DECREASE



### For 8 datasets across 5 different tasks:

- ALDI INCREASE IAA DECREASE
- Pearson Correlation Coefficient  $(\rho) < -0.7$

# Updated Recommendation 💊



- Prioritize high-ALDi samples to native speakers.
- 2 For high-ALDi samples, dialects identified with higher accuracy.

# Thanks!

a.keleg@sms.ed.ac.uk

@Amrkeleg on X

# Thanks!

a.keleg@sms.ed.ac.uk

@Amrkeleg on X



- 1 >70% of NADI 2024's test set are multi-dialect.
- Multilabel DI is not solved (yet \(\psi\)).
- 3 High-ALDi samples have less mutual intelligibility.
  - 1 Important for accurate annotation.

### References I

Abdelali, Ahmed et al. (Apr. 2021). "QADI: Arabic Dialect Identification in the Wild." In: Proceedings of the Sixth Arabic Natural Language Processing Workshop. Ed. by Nizar Habash et al. Kyiv, Ukraine (Virtual): Association for Computational Linguistics, pp. 1–10. URL:

4 ロ ト 4 同 ト 4 ヨ ト 4 目 E 9 Q ()

### References II

Alsarsour, Israa et al. (May 2018). "DART: A Large Dataset of Dialectal Arabic Tweets." In: Proceedings of the Eleventh International Conference on Language Resources and Evaluation (LREC 2018). Ed. by Nicoletta Calzolari et al. Miyazaki, Japan: European Language Resources Association (ELRA). URL: https://aclanthology.org/L18-1579.

## References III

Baimukan, Nurpeiis, Houda Bouamor, and Nizar Habash (June 2022). "Hierarchical Aggregation of Dialectal Data for Arabic Dialect Identification." In: Proceedings of the Thirteenth Language Resources and Evaluation Conference. Ed. by Nicoletta Calzolari et al. Marseille, France: European Language Resources Association, pp. 4586–4596. URL: https://aclanthology.org/2022.lrec-1.489.

## References IV

"Towards Responsible Natural Language Annotation for the Varieties of Arabic." In: Findings of the Association for

### References V

Salameh, Mohammad, Houda Bouamor, and Nizar Habash (Aug. 2018). "Fine-Grained Arabic Dialect Identification." In: Proceedings of the 27th International Conference on Computational Linguistics. Santa Fe, New Mexico, USA: Association for Computational Linguistics, pp. 1332–1344. URL: https://aclanthology.org/C18-1113.

### References VI

■ Zaidan, Omar F. and Chris Callison-Burch (June 2011). "The Arabic Online Commentary Dataset: an Annotated Dataset of Informal Arabic with High Dialectal Content." In: Proceedings of the 49th Annual Meeting of the Association for Computational Linguistics: Human Language Technologies. Portland, Oregon, USA: Association for Computational Linguistics, pp. 37–41.
URL: https://aclanthology.org/P11-2007





Searching catalog of public datasets (Masader)



**Language**: Mixture of MSA and DA.



**Language**: Mixture of MSA and DA.

151 datasets 📄



#### Searching catalog of **public datasets** (Masader)

- Tasks Setup: Sentence-level classification.
- Samples Variation: multiple variants of DA.
- Annotators:
  - speakers of different variants of DA
  - randomly assigned to the samples.



#### Searching catalog of public datasets (Masader)

- **Tasks Setup**: Sentence-level classification.
- **Samples Variation**: multiple variants of DA.
- **Annotaators:** 
  - speakers of different variants of DA
  - randomly assigned to the samples.

28 datasets 📄





Released Labels: Individual annotator labels.



Released Labels: Individual annotator labels.

15 datasets 📄

6 Tasks including: Sentiment Analysis, Sarcasm Detection, Dialect Identification.

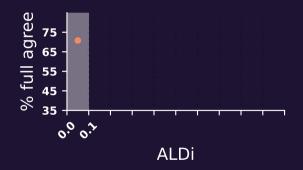


- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- <sup>2</sup> Bin samples.
- Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

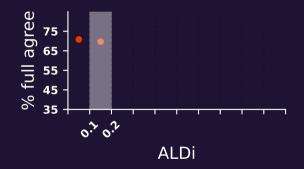
#### **ii** Labels:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

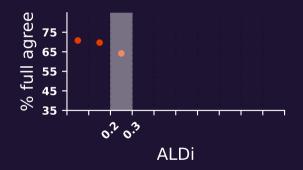
#### **ii** Labels:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

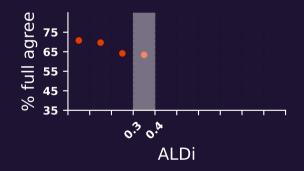
#### **Labels**:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

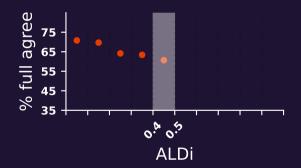
#### **ii** Labels:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

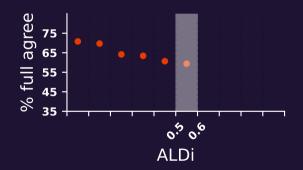
#### **ii** Labels:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

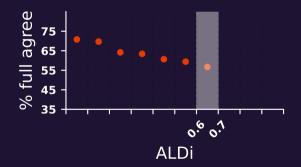
#### **Labels**:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

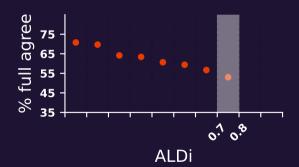
#### **ii** Labels:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

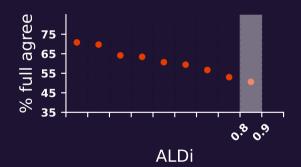
#### **Labels**:



### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

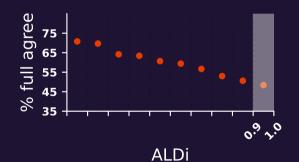
#### **Labels**:

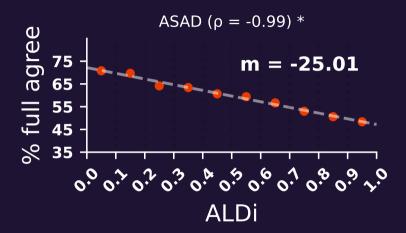


### Methodology:

- Estimate ALDi of samples.
- 2 Bin samples.
- 3 Estimate % samples Full Agreement.

#### **ii** Labels:

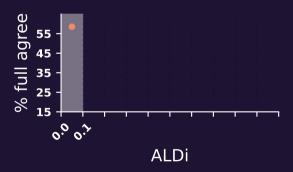


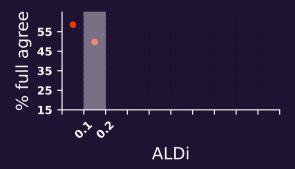


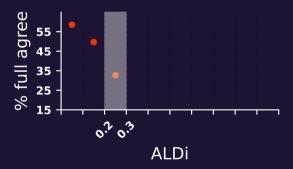
labels (Macro-regional):

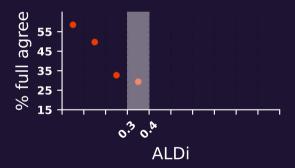
MSA, Maghreb, Egypt, Levant, Gulf

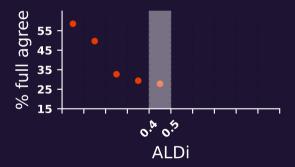


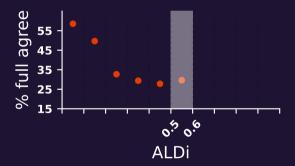


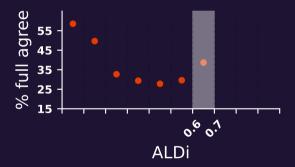


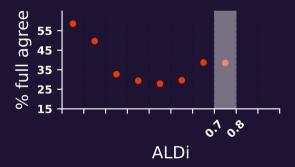


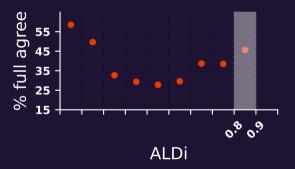


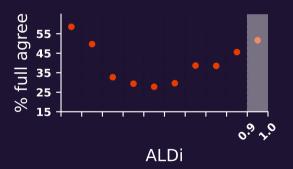


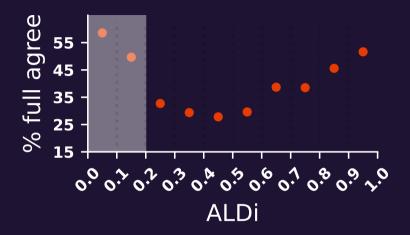




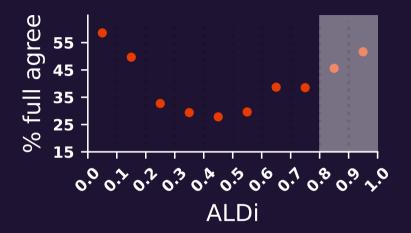




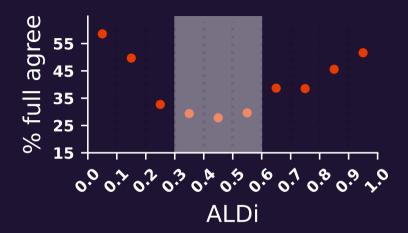




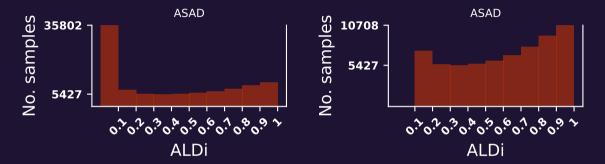
**Easily identifiable MSA samples** 

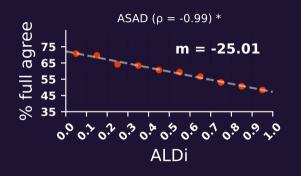


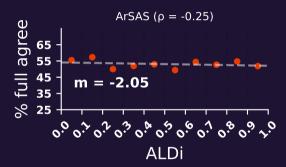
DA samples with multiple distinctive cues of a dialect

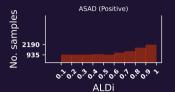


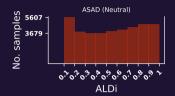
1) Hard to determine the dialect?
OR 2) Valid in multiple dialects?

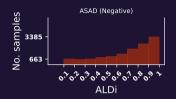


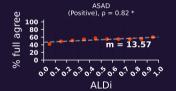


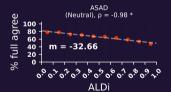


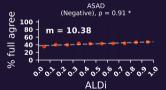


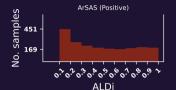


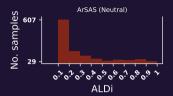


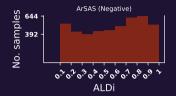


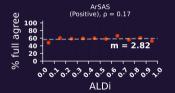


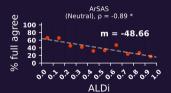


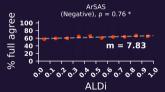












# AOC's annotation guidelines

- Tell us <u>how much</u> dialect (عامية) is in the sentence.
- : (كمية اللهجة العامية) Dialect Level -
  - (فصحى فقط) No dialect •
  - A bit of dialect (القليل من العامية)
  - (خليط من الفصحي والعامية) Mixed •
  - Mostly dialect (معظمها عامية)
  - (لغة أخرى أو رموز) Not Arabic •

# Discarded Samples

Туре	Sentence	Source	Level of Dialect- ness
Symbols	<u>የ</u> የየየየ	Cmnt (Y7)	¬ Arabic (x13), Missing (x2)
	*****	Cmnt (Ri)	¬ Arabic (x3)
English	عکن تلبس gloves to protect the baby from infection !	Cmnt (Ri)	¬ Arabic (x2), MSA (x1) ¬ Arabic (x3)
	very nice	Cmnt (Ri)	
Arabizi	ya zamalek ya 7arameyaaaa	Cmnt (Y7)	¬ Arabic (x2), Most (x1)
URLs and Emails	http://elbeet-elmuslim.ace.st/forum. htm	Cmnt (Y7)	¬ Arabic (x3)
	Ahmad.altamimi@alghad.jo	Cntrl (Gh)	¬ Arabic (x3)
Presence of HTML	████ 5000 √DONE	Cmnt (Y7)	¬ Arabic (x3)
	<a href="EditorOpinions.asp?Edi-&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Cntrl (Y7)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;¬ Arabic (x3)&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/a&gt;&gt;د. أثبه ف بليع&lt;" torid="404&lt;/th"><th></th><th></th></a>		